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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/791,180	03/01/2004	David E. Freker	42P18616	3194
8791 7590 12/27/2006 BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN 12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD SEVENTH FLOOR LOS ANGELES, CA 90025-1030			EXAMINER CHEN, TSE W	
			ART UNIT 2116	PAPER NUMBER
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		12/27/2006	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/791,180	Applicant(s) FREKER ET AL.	
	Examiner Tse Chen	Art Unit 2116	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 December 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The amendment filed December 4, 2006 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132(a) because it introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132(a) states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. In accordance with Applicant's original disclosure, intrinsic evidence is present that Applicant intended for the term "machine readable medium" to include "electrical, optical, acoustical or other form of propagated signals (e.g., carrier waves, infrared signals, digital signals, etc.)" [pg. 6, 0018]. Through said amendment, Applicant has attempted to remove the "electrical, optical, acoustical or other form of propagated signals (e.g., carrier waves, infrared signals, digital signals, etc.)" elements from the specification without clear disavowal of said elements as being encompassed by the term "machine readable medium" as used in the claims. As such, Applicant's attempted removal of said elements is considered to be an attempted change to the original disclosure in a manner that constitutes new matter.

Applicant is required to resolve the new matter issue in the reply to this Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

3. Claims 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. "Machine-accessible medium" includes propagated signals [pg.6 of original specification] that are non-statutory as not being tangibly embodied in a manner so as to be executable and is non-statutory for failing to be in one of the categories of invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-2, 4-5, 7-9, 12-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zumkehr, US Publication 20030005346, in view of Wingren et al., US Patent 6823502, hereinafter Wingren.

6. In re claim 1, Zumkehr discloses an apparatus [fig.1] comprising:

- A plurality of slave delay lock loops (DLLs) [210] in a memory interface [40] to adjust timing between a plurality of signals [100] to compensate for timing skew [center to avoid setup/hold time] [fig.3; 0003].
- A plurality of outputs [from 310] coupled to the plurality of DLLs to output the plurality of signals to one or more memory devices [flops] coupled to the memory interface after adjusting the timing [fig.4].

7. Zumkehr did not disclose explicitly input/output buffers associated with the plurality of inputs.

8. Wingren discloses an apparatus comprising a plurality of input/output buffers [col.12, 1.56 – col.13, 1.7].

9. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Zumkehr and Wingren before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the system taught by Zumkehr to include the I/O buffers taught by Wingren, as I/O buffers are very well

Art Unit: 2116

known in the art and suitable for use in the apparatus of Zumkehr [e.g., between the slave delay lock loops and the memory devices]. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make such a combination as it provides a way to match the impedance between the input signal and the memory devices [Wingren: col.12, l.56 – col.13, l.7].

10. As to claim 2, Zumkehr discloses, comprising a plurality of programmable configuration bits [220], coupled to the plurality of slave DLLs, to set an amount of delay each of the plurality of slave DLLs applies to one of the plurality of signals [0012, 0031; signals embodied as digital signals].

11. As to claim 4, Zumkehr discloses, comprising a master DLL [200], coupled to the plurality of slave DLLs, to calibrate the plurality of slave DLLs [0021].

12. As to claim 5, Zumkehr discloses, comprising a plurality of multiplexers [300] to couple each of the plurality of slave DLLs to one or more of the plurality of I/O buffers [fig.4].

13. As to claims 7 and 14, Zumkehr discloses, wherein the plurality of signals includes a plurality of memory control signals [100] [0019; controls latching].

14. In re claim 8, Zumkehr and Wingren disclose each and every limitation as discussed above in reference to claim 1. Zumkehr and Wingren disclose the apparatus; therefore, Zumkehr and Wingren disclose the method associated with the apparatus.

15. As to claim 9, Zumkehr discloses, wherein adjusting the timing comprises: programming a plurality of configuration bits [220] to set an amount of delay each of the plurality of slave DLLs applies to one of the plurality of signals, the plurality of configuration bits being coupled to the plurality of slave DLLs [0012, 0031; signals embodied as digital signals].

Art Unit: 2116

16. As to claim 12, Zumkehr discloses, comprising calibrating the plurality of slave DLLs using a master DLL [200] [0021].

17. As to claim 13, Zumkehr discloses, comprising clocking each of a plurality of outputs [associated with 310] to output the plurality of signals in response to the amount of delay each of the plurality of slave DLLs applies to one of the plurality of signals [0024-25]. Examiner hereby takes Official Notice that it is well known in the art to clock I/O buffers associated with outputs, in order to transmit data according to a rate.

18. Claims 3, 10-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zumkehr and Wingren as applied to claims 2 and 9 above, and further in view of Adkisson, US Publication 20040225910.

19. Zumkehr and Wingren taught each and every limitation of the claim as discussed above. Zumkehr disclose the amount of delay each of the slave DLLs applied to one of the plurality of signals to generate a memory clock signal [220]. Zumkehr did not disclose adjusting timing of a core clock signal in response to the amount of delay each of the slave DLLs applied to one of the plurality of signals to generate a memory clock signal.

20. Adkisson discloses adjusting timing of a core clock signal in response to the amount of delay applied to one of the plurality of signals to generate another clock signal [analogous to memory of Zumkehr] [0030].

21. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Wingren, Zumkehr and Adkisson before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the system taught by Zumkehr and Wingren to include the adjusting of core clock taught by Adkisson, in order to synchronize the core clock with the other signals for proper operation [e.g.,

Art Unit: 2116

DQS]. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make such a combination as it provides a way to alleviate synchronization problems such as skews [Adkisson: 0030].

22. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zumkehr and Wingren as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Keeth et al., US Patent 6687185, hereinafter Keeth.

23. Zumkehr and Wingren taught each and every limitation of the claim as discussed above. Zumkehr and Wingren did not disclose clock trees.

24. Keeth discloses a plurality of clock trees [133], each of the plurality of clock trees having a root coupled to an output of each of the plurality of slave DLLs [132], to clock each of the plurality of I/O buffers [e.g., 124] [col.3, ll.38-56].

25. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Wingren, Zumkehr and Keeth before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the apparatus taught by Zumkehr and Wingren to include the clock tree taught by Keeth, in order to obtain the claimed apparatus. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make such a combination as it provides a way to alleviate effects related to PVT or other timing variations [Keeth: col.3, ll.38-56].

26. Claims 18-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zumkehr and Wingren as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Wyatt, US Patent 6891543.

27. Zumkehr and Wingren taught each and every limitation of the claim as discussed above. Zumekehr further discloses a system [fig.1] comprising a plurality of memory devices [flops] and a memory controller [40] coupled to the plurality of memory devices, the memory controller having a memory interface [part of 40]. Zumkehr did not disclose explicitly a graphics chip.

Art Unit: 2116

28. In re claim 18, Wyatt discloses a system comprising a graphics chip and a memory controller [interface engine] coupled to the plurality of memory device and the graphics chip [col.9, 1.49 – col.10, 1.3].

29. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Wingren, Zumkehr and Wyatt before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the system taught by Zumkehr and Wingren to include the graphics chip taught by Wyatt, as graphics chips are very well known in the art and suitable for use in the system of Zumkehr and Wingren. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to make such a combination as it provides a way to optimize processing [Wyatt: col.9, 1.49 – col.10, 1.3].

30. As to claim 19, Zumkehr discloses each and every limitation as discussed above in reference to claim 7.

31. As to claim 20, Zumkehr discloses each and every limitation as discussed above in reference to claim 4.

32. As to claim 21, Zumkehr discloses, comprising a processor [10] coupled to the memory controller.

33. As to claim 22, Zumkehr discloses, wherein the plurality of memory devices includes a plurality of double-data rate (DDR) dynamic random access memory (DRAM) devices [0003].

Response to Arguments

34. Applicant's arguments filed December 4, 2006 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Art Unit: 2116

35. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

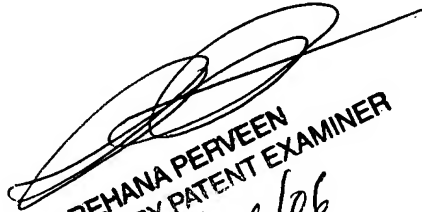
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tse Chen whose telephone number is (571) 272-3672. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 9AM - 5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rehana Perveen can be reached on (571) 272-3676. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2116

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Tse Chen
December 23, 2006


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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
12/26/06